JIS G3456 Carbon Steel Pipes for High Temperature Service

1. Scope

This Japanese Industrial Standard specifies the carbon steel pipes, hereinafter referred to as the "pipes", mainly used for piping at a temperature over 350° C. Remarks

1. When previously agreed upon by the manufacturer, the purchaser may designate one or all of the supplementary quality requirements Z 2, Z 3 and Z 4 specified in Appendix, in addition to the items specified in this text.

Appendix Z2 Elevated Temperature Yield Point or Proof Stress

Appendix Z3 Ultrasonic Examination

Appendix Z4 Eddy Current Examinaion

2. The units and numerical values given in { } in this Standard are based on the International System of Units (SI) and are appended for informative reference.

Further, the traditional units accompanied by numerical values in this Standard shall be converted to the SI units and numerical values on Jan. 1, 1991.

2. Grade and Symbol

The pipe shall be classified into three grades and their letter symbols shall be as given in Table 1.

Table 1						
	Letter symbol of grade					
STPT 370	STPT 38					
STPT 410	STPT 42					
STPT 480	STPT 49					

World Standard Reference Table

кѕ		ASTM		JIS		DIN		BS	
Grade Number	GRADE	Grade Number GRADE Grade Number		Grade Number	GRADE	Grade Number	GRADE	Grade Number	GRADE
D 3570	SPHT 370 SPHT 38	A 106	Gr A	G-3456	STPT 370 STPT 38	17175	St 35.8	3602	HFS 360 CFS 360 ERW 360 CEW 360
	SPHT 410 SPHT 42		Gr B		STPT 410 STPT 42	17175	St 45.8	3602	HFS 410 CFS 410 ERW 410 CEW 410

3. Method of Manufacture

3.1 The pipe shall be manufactured from coarse-grained killed steel by the seamless or electric resistance welding process. However, the pipe of grade STPT 480 shall be manufactured by the seamless process.

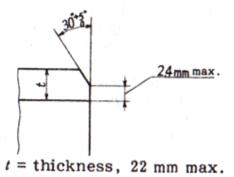
3.2 The pipe shall be subjected to the heat treatment specified in Table 2. the heat treatment other than specified in Table 2 shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Table 2 Heat treatment

Letter symbol of grade	Hot finished seamless steel pipe	Cold finished seamless steel pipe	Hot finished electric resistance welded steel pipe	Electric resistance welded steel pipe other than hot finished
STPT 370	As manufactured. However, low		As manufactured. However, low temperature annealing	Low temperature annealed or
STPT 410	temperature annealing or normalizing	Low temperature annealed or normalized.		normalized.
STPT 480	may be applied, as necessary.	normanzou.	-	-

3.3 When required by the purchaser, the pipe may be furnished with the bevel end(1).

Note (1) Unless otherwise specified, the shape of the bevel end shall be as shown in Fig. 1.



4. Chemical Composition

The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.1 and the resulting ladle analysis values shall conform to Table 3.

Letter symbol of grade	Chemical Composition %								
Letter symbol of grade	С	Si	Mn	Р	S				
STPT 370	0.25max.	0.10~0.35	0.30~0.90	0.035 max.	0.035 max.				
STPT 410	0.30max.	0.10~0.35	0.30~1.00	0.035 max.	0.035 max.				
STPT 480	0.33max.	0.10~0.35	0.30~1.00	0.035 max.	0.035 max.				

Remarks

When the product analysis is required by the purchaser, the tolerances for the above-mentioned values shall conform to Table 2 and Table 1 specified in JIS G 0321 for seamless steel pipes and electric resistance welded steel pipes, respectively.

5. Mechanical Properties

5.1 Tensile Strength, Yield Point or Proof Stress and Elongation

The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.2 and the resulting tensile strength, yield point or proof stress and elongation of the pipe shall comply with Table 4.

		Table 4 Mechanical Properties									
Letter symbol of grade	Tensile strength	Yield point or proof stress	Elongation %								
	kgf/mm ² {N/mm ^{2}}	kaf/mm² {N/mm²}	No. 11 or No. 12 test piece	No. 5 test piece	No. 4 test piece						
		5 .	Longitudinal	Transverse	Longitudinal	Transverse					
STPT 370	38 {373}min.	22{216} min.	30 min.	25 min.	23 min.	28 min.					
STPT 410	42{412}min.	25{245} min.	25 min.	20 min.	19 min.	24 min.					
STPT 480	49{481}min.	28{275} min.	25 min.	20 min.	17 min.	22 min.					

Remarks

1. When the tensile test for pipes under 8mm in wall thickness is carried out with No. 12 or No. 5 test piece, the minimum value of elongation shall be obtained by subtracting 1.5 % from the values of elongation given in Table 4 for each 1mm decrease in wall thickness, and rounding off the value to an integer in compliance with JIS Z 8401. Examples of calculation are given in Reference Table.

2. The value of elongation given in Table 4 shall not be applied to the pipe whose outside diameter is under 40mm. However, the value of elongation shall be recorded.

3. When a tensile test piece is taken from the electric resistance welded steel pipe, No. 12 or No. 5 test piece shall be taken from the portion which does not involve welded seam.

Reference Table Calculated Examples of Elongation Applied to No. 12(Longitudinal) and No. 5 (Transverse) Test pieces for Pipes under 8mm in Wall Thickness

Letter symbol of	of		Elongation for eac	Elongation for each division of wall thickness %							
grade	Symbol			Over 7mm, up to	Over 6mm, up to	Over 5mm, up to	Over 4mm, up to	Over 3mm, up to	Over 2mm, up to	Over 1mm, up to	
5				8mm	and incl. 7mm	and incl. 6mm	and incl. 5mm	and incl. 4mm	and incl. 3mm	and incl. 2mm	
STPT 37	0		No. 12 test piece	30	28	27	26	24	22	21	

	No. 5 test piece	25		22	20	19	18	16
STPT 410	No. 12 test piece	25		22	20	19	18	16
STPT 480	No. 5 test piece	20	18	17	16	14	12	11

5.2 Flattening Resistance The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.3 and the pipe shall be free from flaws or cracks on its wall surface.

In this case, the distance between the flattening plates shall be calculated from the following formula.

$$H = \frac{(1 + e)t}{e + \frac{t}{D}}$$

Where

H : distance between flattening plates (mm)

t: wall thickness of pipe (mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe (mm)

e: constant which varies depending on the grade of pipe

0.08 for STPT 370

0.07 for STPT 410 and STPT 480

5.3 Bending Resistance For the pipe whose outside diameter is 50mm or under, the purchaser may specify the bending test in lieu of the flattening test. The pipe shall be tested in Accordance with 9.4 and its wall surfaces shall be free from the occurrence of flaws or cracks. In this test the pipe is bent through 90x around an inside radius that is 6 times its outside diameter.

However, the purchaser may specify the bend test of which the bent angle is 180x and bending inside radius is 4 times the outside diameter.

6. Test

The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.5 and the resulting hydrostatic characteristic or nondestructive characteristic shall conform to either of the following two. The preference shall be in accordance with the designation made by the purchaser or left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

6.1 When the hydrostatic pressure specified by the purchaser or, unless otherwise specified, the values given in Attached Table 1 is applied, the pipe shall withstand it without leakage. In this case, the purchaser may specify values of pressure lower or higher than those given in Attached Table 1.

When a hydrostatic pressure test is made in compliance with the designation of the purchaser and the test pressure exceeds either 200 kg/cm² {196 bar} or the value P calculated from the following formula, the test pressure shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer. The designated hydrostatic test pressure shall be graduated in 5kg/cm² {4.9 bar}.

Attached Table 1.

P= 200st / D

Where

P: test pressure[kgf/cm²{10⁻¹bar(²)}

t: wall thickness(mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe(mm)

s: 60 % of the minimum value of yield point or proof stress specified in Table 4 [kgf/mm²{N/mm²}]

Note $(^{2})$ 1bar = 10^{5} Pa

6.2 Either an ultrasonic examination or an eddy current examination shall be made on the pipe, and there shall be no signal greater than those produced by the artificial defects of the reference test block which is the division UD of the working sensitivity specified in JIS G 0582 or the division EY of the working sensitivity specified in JIS G 0583, respectively.

7. Appearance

7.1 The pipe shall be practically straight, and its both ends shall be at right angles to the axes.

7.2 The inside and outside surfaces of the pipe shall be well-finished, and free from defects detrimental to practical use.

8. Dimensions, Mass and Dimensional Tolerances

8.1 Dimensions and Mass

The outside diameter, wall thickness and mass of the pipe shall be as specified in Attached Table 2.

8.2 Dimensional Tolerances The tolerances on outside diameter, wall thickness and deviation in wall thickness of the pipe shall be as specified Table 5.

In the case where the pipe length is specified by the purchaser, the tolerances on the pipe length shall be on the plus side.

Table 5 Tolerances on Outside Diameter, Wall Thickness and Deviation in Wall Thickness

Division	Tolerances on outside diameter		Tolerance on deviation in wall thickness	
Hot finished seamless steel pipe	Up to 50 mm 【0.5mm	≤Up to 4 mm		
	50mm and over, up to 160mm	[0.5mm		
	【1%		Up to and incl. 20 % of	
	160mm and over, up to 200mm 【1.6mm	≤4mm and over 【12.5%	wall thickness	
	200mm and over 【0.8%	12.576		
	However, for pipes 350mm and over in diameter, the length of circumference may substitute as a basis for tolerances, In this case, the tolerances shall be 【0.5%.			

Cold finished seamless steel	Up to 40mm 【0.3mm	≤Up to 2 mm 【0.2mm	
pipe and electric resistance	40mm and over 【0.8%	<2mm and over	-
	However, for pipes 350mm and over in diameter, the length of circumference may substitute as a basis for tolerances. In this case, the tolerances shall be 【0.5%	≤zmm and over	

Remarks

1. The deviation in wall thickness means the ratio of the difference between the maximum and the minimum of the measured thickness of a wall in the same section to the specified wall thickness. This shall not be applied to pipes under 5.6mm in wall thickness.

2. When the length of circumference is used as a basis for the tolerances, either the measured value of the length of circumference itself or the outside diameter derived from the measured value may be used as the criteria. In both cases, the same value [0.5 % shall be applied as the tolerances. The outside diameter (D) and the length of circumference (I) shall be calculated reversibly from the following formula.

$\overline{P} = \overline{P} \cdot D$ where $\overline{P} = 3.1416$

8.3 In the case where compliance with the tolerances on wall thickness in the above table is clearly confirmed in such a local portion as under repaired, the tolerances on the outside diameter in the above table shall not be applied.

9. Tests

9.1 Chemical Analysis

9.1.1 Chemical Analysis

General matters about chemical analysis and method of sampling specimens for analysis shall be in accordance with 3. in JIS G 0303.

9.1.2 Analytical Method The analytical method shall be in accordance with one of the following Standards.

JIS G 1253

JIS G 1256

JIS G 1257

JIS G 1214

JIS G 1215

JIS G 1211

JIS G 1212

JIS G 1213

9.2 Tensile Test

9.2.1 Test piece

The test specimen shall be No. 11, No. 12 A, No. 12 B, No.12 C, No. 4 or No. 5 test piece specified in JIS Z 2201 and shall be cut off from the end of the pipe. In this case, the

gauge length for No. 4 test piece shall be 50mm.

9.2.2 Test Method

The test method shall be in accordance with JIS Z 2241.

9.3 Flattening Test

9.3.1 Test Piece

A test piece 50mm or over in length shall be cut off from the end of a pipe. For the pipe whose wall thickness is 15 % or over of the outside diameter, a C-shape test piece made by removing part of the circumference of a whole test piece may be used.

9.3.2 Test Method

The test piece shall be placed between two flat plates at ordinary temperature and flattened by compression until the distance between the plates comes to the specified value, and checked for the occurrence of flaws or cracks on its wall surface. An electric resistance welded steel pipe shall be placed with the welded portion at right angles to the direction of compression as shown in Fig. 2, and a C-shape test piece shall be placed as shown in Fig. 3.

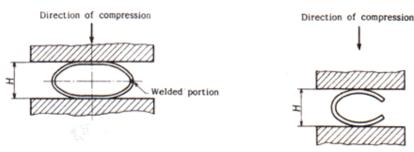


Fig 2 Flattening Test (for Whole Test Piece)

Fig 3 Flattening Test (for C-Shape Test Piece)

9.4 Bending Test

9.4.1 Test Piece

An appropriate length shall be cut off from the end of a pipe to be made into a test piece.

9.4.2 Test Method

The test piece shall be bent through the angle around a cylinder with an inside radius specified in 4.3 at ordinary temperature, and checked for the occurrence of flaws or cracks on its wall surface. In the case of an electric resistance welded steel pipe, the welded portion shall be placed in the outermost part of the bent portion.

9.5 Hydrostatic Test or Nondestructive Examination Either the hydrostatic test or the nondestructive examination shall be made in accordance with 9.5.1 or 9.5.2, respectively.

9.5.1 When the pipe is subjected to hydrostatic pressure and kept under the specified pressure, it shall withstand the pressure without leakage.

9.5.2 The test method of nondestructive examination shall be in accordance with either JIS G 0582 or JIS G 0583.

10. Inspection

10.1 General matters of inspection shall be as specified in JIS G 0303.

10.2 The chemical composition, mechanical properties, hydrostatic or nondestructive characteristic, dimensions and appearance shall conform to 3., 4., 5., 6. and 7. However, the

nondestructive examination may be replaced by appropriate nondestructive examination other than those specified in 9.5 (2) when agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Further, when the supplementary quality requirements given in Appendix are specified by agreement by the purchaser and the manufacturer, the results of inspection shall conform to the relevant requirements specified in Z 2, Z 3, or Z 4.

10.3 Either the hydrostatic test or the nondestructive examination shall be performed for each pipe.

10.4 The number of specimens for the product analysis shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

10.5 The method of sampling test specimens and the number of test pieces for tensile test and flattening test or bending test shall be as follows. From the pipe as manufactured, take one pipe as the specimen from each 50 pipes or its fraction of the same dimensions (³), for the pipe to be heat-treated, take one pipe as the specimen from each 50 pipe or its fraction of the same dimensions (³) and of the concurrent heat treatment, and in any case from the test specimen take one tensile test piece. Further, from the pipe 50mm or under in outside diameter, take one test piece for flattening test or bending test, and from the pipe over 50mm in outside diameter, take one flattening test piece. Note (³) The "same dimensions" here means the same wall thickness concurrent with the same outside diameter.

11.Reinspection

The pipe may be retested in accordance with 4.4 in JIS G 0303 for final acceptance.

12. Marking

Each pipe having passed the inspection shall be marked with the following items. However, in the case of smaller pipes or on a request from the purchaser, pipes may be bundled together and marked for each bundle by suitable means. In either case, the order of arranging the items is not specified.

When approved by the purchaser, part of the items may be omitted.

(1) Letter symbol of grade

(2) Letter symbol indicating the manufacturing process (⁴)

(3) Dimensions (⁵)

(4) Manufacturer's name or its abbreviation

(5) Letter symbol indicating the supplementary quality requirement, Z

note (4)

The letter symbol indicating the manufacturing process shall be as follows, provided that the dash may be replaced by a blank.

Hot-finished seamless steel pipe -S-H

Cold finished seamless steel pipe -S-C

Electric resistance welded steel pipe neither hot finished nor cold finished -E-G

Hot finished electric resistance welded steel pipe -E-H

Cold finished electric resistance welded steel pipe -E-C

Note (⁵)

The dimensions shall be expressed as follows

Nominal diameter X nominal wall thickness or outside diameter X wall thickness Example: $50A \times Sch80$

13. Report

The manufacturer shall, as a rule, submit to the purchaser the report on the test results, method of manufacture, ordered dimensions, quantity and work lot number traceable to the manufacturing conditions, etc.

Reference Table

	Shape of test	Elongation for each division of wall thickness %							
Letter symbol of grade	piece	Over 7mm,	-	-		-	-	Over 1mm, up to and incl. 2mm	
STPT 370	No. 12 test piece	30	28	27	26	24	22	21	
	No. 5 test piece	25	24	22	20	19	12	11	
STPT 410	No. 12 test piece	25	24	22	20	19	18	16	
STPT 480	No. 5 test piece	20	18	17	16	14	12	11	

Calculated Examples of Elongation Applied to No. 12(Longitudinal) and No. 5 (Transverse) Test Pieces for Pipes under 8mm in Wall Thickness

Attached Table 1 Unit : kgf/P{bar}

Schedule number Sch	10	20	30	40	60	80	100	120	140	160
	20	35	50	60	90	120	150	180	200	200
Hydrostatic test pressure	{20}	{34}	{49}	{59}	{88}	{118}	{147}	{118}	{196}	{196}

Remark

For the pipe whose dimension is not given in Attached Table 2, the hydrostatic test pressure shall be as specified in the following table depending on the division of the ratio (t/D) of the wall thickness to the outside diameter of the pipe.

t / D %	Over 0.80, up to	Over 1.60, up to	Over 2.40 up to	Over 3.20, up to	Over 4.00, up to	Over 4.80, up to	Over 5.60, up to	Over 6.30, up to	Over 7.10 up to	Over
	and incl. 1.60	and incl. 2.40	and incl. 3.20	and incl. 4.00	and incl. 4.80	and incl. 5.60	and incl. 6.30	and incl. 7.10	and incl. 7.90	7.90
Hydrostatic test								1/2	100	
pressure	20 {20}	40 {39}	60 {59}	80 {79}	100 {98}	120 {118}				200
kgf/P{bar}							{137}	{157}	{176}	{196}

			Nomina	al wall th											ign ten							
Nomina	ıl dia.		Schedu	le	Schedu	le	Schedu	le	Schedu	le	Schedu	le	Schedu	ıle	Schedu	le	Schedu	le	Schedu	lle	Schedu	le
		Outside dia.	10		20		30		40		60		80		100		120		140		160	
		mm	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit
A	В		thick		thick		thick	mass	thick	mass	thick	mass	thick	mass	thick	mass	thick	mass	thick	mass	thick	mass
			mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m
6		10.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	0.369	-	-	2.4	0.479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8		13.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	0.629	-	-	3.0	0.799	-		-	-	- 	-	-	-
10		17.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	0.851	-	-	3.2	1.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	1/2	21.7	-		-	-	-	-	2.8	1.31	-	-	3.7	1.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	1.97
20	3/4	27.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	1.74	-	-	3.9	2.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.5	2.94
25	1	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.4	2.57	-	-	4.5	3.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	4.36
32	1 1/4	42.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.6	3.47	-	-	4.9	4.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	5.73
40	1 1/2	48.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	4.10	-	-	5.1	5.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	7.27
50	2	60.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.9	5.44	-	-	5.5	7.46	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.7	11.1
65	2 1/2	76.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.2	9.12	-	-	7.0	12.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.5	15.6
80	3	89.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.5	11.3	-	-	7.6	15.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.1	21.4
90	3 1/2	101.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.7	13.5	-	-	8.1	18.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.7	27.8
100	4	114.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	16.0	-	-	8.6	22.4	-	-	11.1	28.2	-	-	13.5	33.6
125	5	139.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6	21.7	-	-	9.5	30.5	-	-	12.7	39.8	-	-	15.9	48.6
150	6	165.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	27.7	-	-	11.0	41.8	-	-	14.3	53.2	-	-	18.2	66.0
200	8	216.3	-	-	6.4	33.1	7.0	36.1	8.2	42.1	10.3	52.3	12.7	63.8	15.1	74.9	18.2	88.9	20.6	99.4	23.0	110
250	10	267.4	-	-	6.4	41.2	7.8	49.9	9.3	59.2	12.7	79.8	15.1	93.9	18.2	112	21.4	130	25.4	152	28.6	168

Attached Table 2. Dimensions and Mass of Carbon Steel Pipes for High Temperature Service

300	12	318.5	-	-	6.4	49.3	8.4	64.2	10.3	78.3	14.3	107	17.4	129	21.4	157	25.4	184	28.6	204	33.3	234
350	14	355.6	6.4	55.1	7.9	67.7	9.5	81.1	11.1	94.3	15.1	127	19.0	158	23.8	195	27.8	225	31.8	254	35.7	282
400	16	406.4	6.4	63.1	7.9	77.6	9.5	93.0	12.7	123	16.7	160	21.4	203	26.2	246	30.9	286	36.5	333	40.5	365
450	18	457.2	6.4	71.1	7.9	87.5	11.1	122	14.3	156	19.0	205	23.8	254	29.4	310	34.9	363	39.7	4.9	45.2	459
500	20	508.0	6.4	79.2	9.5	117	12.7	155	15.1	184	20.6	248	26.2	311	32.5	381	38.1	441	44.4	508	50.0	565
550	22	558.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.9	213	22.2	294	28.6	374	34.9	451	41.3	527	47.6	600	54.0	672
600	24	609.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.5	256	24.6	355	31.0	442	38.9	547	46.0	639	52.4	720	59.5	807
650	26	660.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.9	299	26.4	413	34.0	525	41.6	635	49.1	740	56.6	843	64.2	944

Remarks

1. The designation of the pipe shall be based on the nominal diameter and the nominal wall thickness (schedule number: Sch). However, for the nominal diameter, either A or B shall be used, and the letter A or B shall be suffixed to the figures of nominal diameter for identification.

2. Calculate the value of mass from the following formula assuming 1 X of steel to be 7.85g and round off the value to 3 significant figures in accordance with JIS Z 8401. However, the value over 1000 kg/m shall be rounded off to an integer of kg/m.

W=0.02466 t (D - t)

Where

W: unit mass of pipe(kg/m)

t: wall thickness of pipe(mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe(mm)

3. When dimensions other than those given in the above table are necessary, agreement shall be made by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Appendix. Supplementary Quality Requirements

The supplementary quality requirements shall apply only when requested by the purchaser, and shall be executed by the manufacturer on the designated items.

Z2 Elevated Temperature Yield Point or Proof Stress

Z2.1 The value of elevated temperature yield point or proof stress and the testing temperature of the pipe shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Z2.2 The test piece and the test method shall be as specified JIS G 0567.

However, when it is practically difficult to take the test piece specified in JIS G 0567, the shape of the test piece shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Z2.3 The method of sampling the test specimens and the number of test pieces shall be as follows. Take one test specimen for each lot of the same heat charge, and then from one test specimen take one test piece for each lot of the same testing temperature.

Z3 Ultrasonic Examination

Z3.1 The criteria of the working sensitivity in the ultrasonic examination shall be the division UB or UC specified in JIS G 0582, and there shall be no signal greater than those produced by the artificial defects of the reference test block.

Z3.2 The test method of the ultrasonic examination shall be as specified in JIS G 0582.

Z3.3 The ultrasonic examination shall be performed for each pipe and the results shall conform to the requirements specified in (1).

Z4 Eddy Current Examination

Z4.1 The criteria of the working sensitivity in the eddy current examination shall be the division EV, EW, or EX specified in JIS G 0583, and there shall be no signal greater than those produced by the artificial defects of the reference test block.

Z4.2 The test method of the eddy current examination shall be as specified in JIS G 0583.

Z4.3 The eddy current examination shall be performed for each pipe and the results shall conform to the requirements specified in (1).

	uns no.	KOREA/JAPANES			GERMAN				BRITISH			FRENCH				ITALIAN		
ASTM Standard		KS/JIS Symbol	KS/JIS Number	Remarks	DIN Type		Material Number	Remarks	B.S Number	B.S Grade	Remarks	-	NF Number	Remarks		UNI Number	Remarks	
A 106 Seamless C-Steel Pipe for High Temperature Service																		
Grade A	K02501		D3570 / G3456	(16)(30)	St 35.8	17175	1.0305		3602	HFS 360		TU 37C	A49-213		C 14	5462		
Grade B	K03006		D3570 / G3456	(16)(30)	St 45.8	17175	1.0405		3602	HFS 410		TU 42C	A49-213		C 18	5462		

Material Comparison Tables (ASTM, KS, JIS, DIN, BS, NBN, NF, UNI)

JIS Number and Corresponding Foreign Standards

JIS	JIS ASTM					BS		DIN			NF			ISO	Index			
Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Grade Type ^{Ni}	
G3456		С	A106	GrA	с	3602	HFS360	с	17175	St35.8	с	A49-211	TU37b	С	2604/2	TS5	с	C004
	STPT370						CFS360	с	17177	St37.8	с	A49-213	TU37c	С	2604/3	TW9H	с	
	(STPT38)						ERW360	с				A49-243	TU37c	С				
						"	CEW360	с										
	STPT410	С	A106	GrB	с	3602	HFS410	с	17175	St45.8	с	A49-211	TU42b	С	2604/2	TS9H	с	
	(STPT42)						CFS410	с	17177	St42.8	С	A49-213	TU42c	С				

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						ERW410	С		A49-243	TU42c	С				
					п	CEEW410	С								
	С	A106	GrC	С	3602	HFS460	с		A49-211	TU48b	С	2604/2	TS14	с	
STPT480						CFS460	с		A49-213	TU48c	С				
(STPT42)						ERW460	С								
						CEEW460	С								